# PROTECTIAL YOUR FARM

Biosecurity is about reducing the risk of diseases, weeds or pests entering, spreading, or leaving your farm.

#### **Protecting profits**

Disease outbreaks, new pasture pests and weeds can have serious long-term financial impacts.

#### **Protecting health**

Some diseases can be passed from animals to humans. Biosecurity planning helps protect the health of your stock, family, farm team, and visitors.



## Disease status of new stock is considered carefully before animals are bought or moved

Ask questions about animal health, TB status, vaccinations, disease and treatment history.



### Biosecurity signs are clearly visible and easy to follow

Include the name and contact phone number of the farm owner/manager to make it easy for visitors to contact the right person.



## Visitors arrive with clean equipment, clothing and footwear and disinfect upon arrival

Provide a scrubbing brush and water and a disinfectant spray or footbath for visitors.



### Boundary fences are secure and prevent nose-to-nose contact with neighbouring stock

Avoid grazing boundary paddocks when neighbour's cows are grazing the adjacent paddock - or create double fencing or outrigger fences.



### Young calves are given special protection

Only allow essential people into the calf shed. Have a separate set of farm clothing and boots to use around calves - clean these regularly.



### Potential weeds and pasture pests are identified and prevented

Check with your regional council and the agpest website for advice and information.

Check that feed sourced from off-farm doesn't contain seeds of weeds new to your farm.



### Animal pests are controlled

Keep areas around buildings free from clutter and long grass. Store feed securely.

